

# How to approximate the heat equation with Neumann boundary conditions by nonlocal diffusion problems

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## Resumen

The purpose of this talk is to show that the solutions of the usual Neumann boundary value problem for the heat equation can be approximated by solutions of a sequence of nonlocal “Neumann” boundary value problems.

Let  $J : \mathbf{R}^N \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$  be a nonnegative, radial, continuous function with  $\int_{\mathbf{R}^N} J(z) dz = 1$ . Assume also that  $J$  is strictly positive in  $B(0, d)$  and vanishes in  $\mathbf{R}^N \setminus B(0, d)$ . Nonlocal evolution equations of the form  $u_t(x, t) = (J * u - u)(x, t) = \int_{\mathbf{R}^N} J(x - y)u(y, t) dy - u(x, t)$ , and variations of it, have been recently widely used to model diffusion processes, see [1], [2], [5].

In this talk, following [3] and [4], we propose a nonlocal “Neumann” boundary value problem, namely

$$u_t(x, t) = \int_{\Omega} J(x - y)(u(y, t) - u(x, t)) dy + \int_{\mathbf{R}^N \setminus \Omega} G(x, x - y)g(y, t) dy,$$

where  $G(x, \xi)$  is smooth and compactly supported in  $\xi$  uniformly in  $x$ .

Now, for given  $J$  and  $G$  we consider the rescaled kernels

$$J_\varepsilon(\xi) = C_1 \frac{1}{\varepsilon^N} J\left(\frac{\xi}{\varepsilon}\right), \quad G_\varepsilon(x, \xi) = C_1 \frac{1}{\varepsilon^N} G\left(x, \frac{\xi}{\varepsilon}\right)$$

and then the solution  $u^\varepsilon(x, t)$  to

$$\begin{cases} u_t^\varepsilon(x, t) &= \frac{1}{\varepsilon^2} \int_{\Omega} J_\varepsilon(x - y)(u^\varepsilon(y, t) - u^\varepsilon(x, t)) dy + \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \int_{\mathbf{R}^N \setminus \Omega} G_\varepsilon(x, x - y)g(y, t) dy, \\ u^\varepsilon(x, 0) &= u_0(x). \end{cases}$$

We show that

$$u^\varepsilon \rightarrow u,$$

in different topologies according to different choices of the kernel  $G$ . Here  $u$  is the solution of the heat equation,  $u_t = \Delta u$  with boundary condition  $\partial u / \partial \eta = g$  and initial condition  $u_0$ .

This is a joint work with C. Cortazar, M. Elgueta and N. Wolanski.

## Referencias

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