## Bounded symbols of truncated Toeplitz operators

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## Abstract

A truncated Toeplitz operator  $A_\phi,\,\phi\in L^2$  , is the map on the space  $K_\theta=H^2\ominus H^2$  defined by

$$A_{\phi}: f \to P_{K_{\theta}}(\phi f), \ f \in K_{\theta} \cup L^{\infty}$$

The symbol of a truncated Toeplitz operator is not uniquely determined,  $A_{\phi} = 0$  if  $\phi \in \theta H^2 + \overline{\theta H^2}$ . Clearly, if  $\phi \in L^{\infty}$ , then  $\phi$  is bounded and  $\|A_{\phi}\| \leq \|\phi\|_{\infty}$ . In 2007 D. Sarason asked a natural question: *Does every bounded truncated Toeplitz operator admit a bounded symbol?* In 2009 A. Baranov, I. Chalendar, E. Frician, J. Mashreghi and D. Timotin gave a negative answer to this question. In my talk I present a description of spaces  $K_{\theta}$ , in which every every bounded truncated Toeplitz operator admits a bounded symbol. This property turns out to be equivalent to a factorization property for a certain class of pseudocontinuable functions, the latter is fulfilled for so-called one-component inner functions  $\phi$ . The talk is based on a joint work with Anton Baranov and Vladimir Kapustin.